

Department, and other documents previously withheld. And as I said, now, if you will notice, I did not list Treasury, I did not list the others, because those departments came and said, "No problem. We do not see why they should have been classified. We are declassifying, and here they are."

We did not go and get them. We usually go and review. We do not have them. I do not want any kind of sensitive documents. We do not have the means in the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs to keep them, even if we wanted them, and I have never wanted them, and never asked for them, and never got them.

Over the next several months the committee will be reviewing the White House, which is still holding out, the State Department, still holding out, the CIA, still holding out, the Justice Department, still holding out, and other documents previously withheld by the Bush administration. These documents will help to round out our knowledge of the scandal so that we can ensure that our financial system is not abused at the cost of the helpless taxpayer.

Madam Speaker, I am including at this point in the RECORD the summary of the U.S. Department of Justice expenses for the investigation by special counsel Frederick B. Lacey, as follows:

*Summary of U.S. Department of Justice expenses for the investigation by Special Counsel Frederick B. Lacey of the conduct of the U.S. Department of Justice relating to the Banca Nazionale Del Lavoro*

Travel and lodging <sup>1</sup> .....	\$54,924.50
Office supplies .....	1,644.69
Office equipment & furniture .....	1,957.00
Office build-out .....	819.12
Courier & overnight delivery services .....	364.96
Transcription services (court reporter) .....	23,861.40
Photocopier, telecopier, telephone, postage, and other miscellaneous expenses .....	14,115.22
Paralegal services (7 paralegals) .....	<u>63,717.99</u>
Attorney services (16 attorneys) <sup>2</sup> .....	190,987.32
Hon. Frederick B. Lacey .....	20,882.00
Other attorneys .....	<u>170,306.32</u>
Total .....	372,362.00

<sup>1</sup> Includes per diem of \$34.00 per person on travel.

<sup>2</sup> The compensation of all sixteen attorneys (including Judge Lacey) was based either on an hourly rate of \$48.07, or on a daily rate of \$383.00 (i.e., \$48.00 hour).

Date: April 6, 1993.

#### A CRUCIAL ELECTION

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Pennsylvania [Mr. WELDON] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. WELDON. Madam Speaker, I asked for this special order this evening to talk briefly about one of the most crucial elections that has occurred in this country this year that occurred this past Saturday in Texas

to fill the unexpired term of Secretary of the Treasury Lloyd Bentsen.

The appointed Senator from Texas, Senator KRUEGER, was resoundingly defeated by KAY BAILEY HUTCHISON by a margin approaching 70 percent, and in fact taking counties in Texas that had never gone Republican in centuries, by margins in excess of 60 percent.

What was the most amazing about this election was that none of my colleagues on the other side wanted to talk about it today, unlike what occurred in my State back in 1991 when the former Attorney General under the Bush administration, Dick Thornburgh, was running against HARRIS WOFFORD to fill the unexpired term of John Heinz.

I thought it might be appropriate to go back in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD and look at some of the comments made by my colleagues on the other side following what, in contrast to the Hutchison election, was a very close race between Dick Thornburgh and HARRIS WOFFORD. Our colleague from Oregon, in fact, quoted and said, "Mr. Speaker, yesterday the people of Pennsylvania sent a message to their national leaders." Our distinguished colleague from Connecticut said:

Mr. Speaker, for months now the American people have been calling out to its leaders in Washington, and for months the administration has turned a deaf ear. Well, make no mistake about it, yesterday the people of Pennsylvania delivered a powerful message to 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue. By defeating President Bush's Attorney General and the head of the Domestic Policy Council, the people have sent a message that they are tired of indifference in the face of growing economic bad times. They are saying it is time, to the President of the United States, to do something for Americans for a change. It is time to recognize that we have emergencies here at home, too. That is the message of Pennsylvania. The President should listen.

Madam Speaker, these were comments made by our colleagues following the defeat of Dick Thornburgh by HARRIS WOFFORD.

Our colleague from Florida said,

The bottom line is the people of Pennsylvania understood what the people of America understand: This administration has failed and is failing, and it looks like it will fail in the future to come to grips with the real problems that Pennsylvania and Americans face: unemployment, a lousy economy, losing jobs overseas, and a tax structure which favors the wealthy.

All of these comments were made by our colleagues, Madam Speaker, following the election between HARRIS WOFFORD and Dick Thornburgh.

In the other body we heard the distinguished senior Senator from Massachusetts say, "As Muhammad Ali used to say, his opponents can run, but they cannot hide. George Bush may still prefer to run from the issue, but the American people will no longer let him hide."

The Senator from South Dakota said that, "All across America, Americans have spoken. They have spoken in Pennsylvania. The people of Penn-

sylvania sent the White House a wake-up call last night. They said they wanted middle-class tax fairness."

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The people of Pennsylvania rejected the handpicked candidate of the administration and instead returned HARRIS WOFFORD to the Senate.

"The American people want results, not campaign rhetoric and slogans."

But, Madam Speaker, I think the most telling comment actually came from that gentleman who is now being replaced by KAY HUTCHISON, and that is our current Treasury Secretary, Lloyd Bentsen, because he also rose on the floor of the other body, in commenting about the election where Dick Thornburgh was defeated by Senator WOFFORD, then-Senator Bentsen said that, and I quote, "There was another message, however, delivered by Senator WOFFORD in Pennsylvania: Middle-income taxpayers need a tax cut. And today I am introducing the Bentsen-Roth-Mikulski middle-income tax cut bill to address this issue."

How quickly things have changed from then-Senator Bentsen to today-Treasury Secretary Bentsen, who is supporting in look step the plans and ideas of President Clinton.

Madam Speaker, the people of Texas spoke out this past Saturday as the people of Pennsylvania spoke out in November of 1991, against higher taxes, against a Government that is not working. And whether we have a Republican in the White House or a Democrat in the White House, this institution has got to understand that the American people are tired of business as usual.

What offended me so much 2 weeks ago was to see the strong-arm tactics used on this House floor to get passage of the President's economic plan. Many of my friends and colleagues on the other side did not want to vote for that package but were either out deals or were strong-armed to support a package that they know is not what the American people are asking for.

I would hope that my colleagues in this body would heed the election of Saturday and oppose President Clinton's economic plan and oppose business as usual in this body.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mrs. THURMAN). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from New York [Mr. SOLOMON] is recognized for 60 minutes.

[Mr. SOLOMON addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California [Mr. DORNAN] is recognized for 60 minutes.

[Mr. DORNAN addressed the House. His remarks will appear hereafter in the Extensions of Remarks.]