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ing something that he knew would be disadvantageous to our country.

I hope that those among us who make those charges will back down and give the President the respect and confidence to which, as President of the United States, he is entitled.

Mr. CRANSTON. I agree with the Senator from Vermont. I share his belief that the President of the United States knew exactly what he was doing when he signed the SALT Treaty and the interim agreement.

I should like to ask the distinguished Senator from Vermont one question relevant to that:

Does the Senator from Vermont think that whoever in the administration decided to give administrative support to the Jackson amendment knew what he was doing?

Mr. AIKEN. I do not know. We have all different kinds of people in the administration. Most of them are good people and conscientious people. There may be a few that perhaps we cannot put full reliance on. However, I am sure that the President knew exactly what he was doing when he signed this treaty, in spite of the inferences given out that he did not know. And if he did not know, he was certainly negligent in his duties as President.

Mr. CRANSTON. Mr. President, I do not think the President was negligent in his duties as President.

Mr. AIKEN. Of course not. But I do think that those who worked for 3 years to bring about this treaty should have been consulted before the alleged position of the White House had been announced by the opposition to the treaty or the interim agreement was pronounced by certain people.

I think Gerry Smith should have had a hand in the making of that decision.

Mr. CRANSTON. Apparently he was not consulted.

Mr. AIKEN. I have not been able to have that he was consulted.

Mr. CRANSTON. Is there not an apparent contradiction between the administration siging this agreement, lending authority to the Jackson amendment, and then refusing to accept what the amendment really means as explained by the Senator from Washington (Mr. JACKSON) himself?

Mr. AIKEN. There are contradictions all over the place. There are those in this country who believe that an arms race would be good business, I am sure. There are communities in this country that owe their economic existence, almost, to the production of materials of war. Certain States are pretty well dependent on Government contracts. I do not think it is necessary for that situation to exist, because I think we can maintain full employment for these factories in these cities and these States without planning for war all the time.

Mr. CRANSTON. Mr. President, if the free enterprise system, required war to enable it to function, then there would be something wrong with it. I would favor abolishing it if war were essential for its survival. However, I do not believe that any more than the Senator from Vermont does. We can certainly get along without war.

Mr. AIKEN. Mr. President, it is not a free enterprise system if its existence depends on war or near war.

Mr. CRANSTON. Mr. President, the Senator is absolutely correct. I thank the Senator from Vermont very much for his contribution to the debate.

Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The second assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. PASTORE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE CORPORATION FOR PUBLIC BROADCASTING

Mr. PASTORE. Mr. President, I ask the Chair to lay before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives on S. 3824.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. SYMINGTON) laid before the Senate the amendment of the House of Representatives to the bill (S. 3824) to authorize appropriations for the fiscal year 1973 for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting and for making grants for construction of noncommercial educational television or radio broadcasting facilities which was to strike out all after the enacting clause, and insert:

That (a) section 396(k)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended to read as follows:

"(k)(1) There is authorized to be appropriated for expenses of the Corporation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, the sum of $40,000,000."

(b) Section 396(k)(2) of such Act is amended by striking out "1972" and inserting in lieu thereof "1973".

SEC. 2. Section 391 of the Communications Act of 1934 is amended to read as follows:

"AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

"SEC. 391. There are authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, such sums, not to exceed $25,000,000 as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of section 390. Sums appropriated under this section shall remain available for payment of grants for projects for which applications approved under section 392, have been submitted under such section prior to July 1, 1974."

Mr. PASTORE. Mr. President, this bill which originally passed the Senate on July 21, 1972, would authorize $45 million for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting, and $25 million for the construction facilities program. It subsequently passed the House on August 15, 1972 and in the process was technically amended.

Mr. President, I repeat the only difference between the House-passed version of S. 3824, and the version the Senate first passed is a technical one. The substance of the bill, that is the amounts authorized to be appropriated, remain the same.

Accordingly, I urge the Senate to approve the House passed version of S. 3824.

Mr. President, I move that the Senate concur in the House amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

Mr. PASTORE. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The second assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ORDER FOR RECOGNITION OF SENATOR BELLMON TOMORROW

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that tomorrow, after the two leaders have been recognized, the distinguished Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. BELLMON) be recognized for not to exceed 15 minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS TEMPORARILY LAID ASIDE

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, the distinguished majority leader has asked me to set aside the unfinished business for the time being and to proceed to the consideration of the National School Lunch Act. Therefore, I ask unanimous consent that the unfinished business be laid aside temporarily.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ANNOUNCEMENT OF VOTES AFTER RECAPITULATION

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, in discussing the situation which I am about to comment on with the distinguished Republican leader, we are in agreement, and this is to serve notice on the tally clerks, that after the recapitulation of the vote has been made, and the yeas and nays individually announced, Senators who enter the Chamber after that time, of course, will be allowed to vote. That is their privilege. But the change will be that the tally clerk will read the Senator's name and the Senator's vote at that time, loud and clear.

Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum, with the time not to be charged.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The clerk will call the roll.

The second assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House of Representatives by Mr. Berry, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House insisted upon its amendments to the bill (S. 1819) to amend the Uniform Reloca-

tion Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 to provide for minimum Federal payments after July 1, 1972, for relocation assistance made available under federally assisted programs and for an extension of the effective date of the act, disagreed to by the Senate; agreed to the conference asked by the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and that Mr. KLUCZYNSKI, Mr. WRIGHT, Mr. COLLINS of Illinois, Mr. HARSHA, and Mr. DON H. CLAUSEN were appointed managers on the part of the House at the conference.

The message also announced that the House had passed the following bills in which it requests the concurrence of the Senate:

H.R. 3899. An act for the relief of Maria Camilla Giuliani Niro;

H.R. 5324. An act for the relief of Rosita E. Hodas;

H.R. 5923. An act for the relief of Mrs. Nguyen Thi Le Fintland and Susan Fintland;

H.R. 10711. An act for the relief of Mrs. Purita Paningbâtan Bohannon;

H.R. 10712. An act for the relief of Flora Datiles Tabayo;

H.R. 12204. An act for the relief of Jay Alexis Caligdong Siaotong;

H.R. 12638. An act for the relief of Sgt. Gary L. Rivers, U.S. Marine Corps, retired;

H.R. 14173. An act for the relief of Walter Eduard Koenig; and

H.R. 15375. An act to amend the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966 to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1973.

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

The message further announced that the Speaker had affixed his signature to the following enrolled bills:

S. 559. An act for the relief of Albina Lucio Manlucu;

S. 889. An act to restore the postal service seniority of Elmer Erickson;

S. 2704. An act for the relief of Rita Rosella Vallerini;

H.R. 5065. An act to amend the Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, and for other purposes;

H.R. 9092. An act to provide an equitable system for fixing and adjusting the rates of pay for prevailing rate employees of the Government, and for other purposes; and

H.R. 15097. An act making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, and for other purposes.

The enrolled bills were subsequently signed by the President pro tempore.

HOUSE BILLS REFERRED

The following bills were severally read twice by their title and referred as indicated:

H.R. 3899. An act for the relief of Maria Camilla Giuliani Niro;

H.R. 5324. An act for the relief of Rosita E. Hodas;

H.R. 5923. An act for the relief of Mrs. Nguyen Thi Le Fintland and Susan Fintland;

H.R. 10711. An act for the relief of Mrs. Purita Paningbatan Bohannon;

H.R. 10712. An act for the relief of Flora Datiles Tabayo;

H.R. 12204. An act for the relief of Jay Alexis Caligdong Siaotong;

H.R. 12638. An act for the relief of Sergeant Gary L. Rivers, United States Marine Corps, retired; and

H.R. 14173. An act for the relief of Walter Eduard Koenig; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 15375. An act to amend the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966 to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 1973; to the Committee on Commerce.

NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH ACT

Mr. ROBERT C. BYRD. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the National School Lunch Act, Calendar No. 976, H.R. 14896.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 14896) to amend the National School Lunch Act, as amended, to assure that adequate funds are available for the conduct of summer food service programs for children from areas in which poor economic conditions exist and from areas in which there are high concentrations of working mothers, and for other purposes related to expanding and strengthening the child nutrition programs.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill which had been reported from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry with amendments on page 2, line 7, after the word "section.", strike out "Funds expended under the provisions of this paragraph may be reimbursed out of any subsequent supplemental or regular appropriation hereafter enacted for the purpose of carrying out this section, and such reimbursements shall be deposited into the fund established pursuant to section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935, to be available for the purposes of said section 32" and insert "Funds expended under the provisions of this paragraph shall be reimbursed out of any supplemental appropriation hereafter enacted for the purpose of carrying out section 13 of the National School Lunch Act, and such reimbursements shall be deposited into the fund established pursuant to section 32 of the Act of August 24, 1935, to be available for the purposes of said section 32"; on page 3, line 3, after "June 30,", strike out "1972" and insert "1973"; in line 4, after "June 30,", where it appears the first time, strike out "1973" and insert "1974"; in the same line, after "June 30,", where it appears the second time, strike out "1974" and insert "1975"; in line 13, after the word "and", strike out "nonpublic" and insert "nonprofit"; in line 15, after "Sec. 3.", insert "(a)"; in line 19, after "June 30,", where it appears the first time, strike out "1972" and insert "1973"; in the same line, after June 30,", where it appears the second time, strike out "1973" and insert "1974"; in line 20, after "June 30,", strike out "1974" and insert "1975"; at the top of page 4, insert:

(b) Section 4(b) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1773(b)) is amended to read as follows:

"APPORTIONMENT TO STATES

"(b) Of the funds appropriated for the purposes of this section, the Secretary shall for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, (1) apportion $2,600,000 equally among the States other than Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa, and $45,000 equally among Guam, the Virgin Islands, and American Samoa, and (2) apportion the remainder among the States in accordance with the apportionment formula contained in section 4 of the National School Lunch Act, as amended. For each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, the Secretary shall make breakfast assistance payments, at such times as he may determine, from the sums appropriated therefor, to each State educational agency, in a total amount equal to the result obtained by (1) multiplying the number of breakfasts (consisting of a combination of foods which meet the minimum nutritional requirements prescribed by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (e) of this section) served during such fiscal year to children in schools in such States which participate in the breakfast program under this section under agreements with such State educational agency by a national average breakfast payment prescribed by the Secretary for such fiscal year to carry out the purposes of this section; (2) multiplying the number of such breakfasts served free to children eligible for free breakfasts in such schools during such fiscal year by a national average free breakfast payment prescribed by the Secretary for such fiscal year to carry out the purposes of this section; and (3) multiplying the number of reduced price breakfasts served to children eligible for reduced price breakfasts in such schools during such fiscal year by a national average reduced price breakfast payment prescribed by the Secretary for such fiscal year to carry out the provisions of this section: *Provided*, That in any fiscal year the aggregate amount of the breakfast assistance payments made by the Secretary to each State educational agency for any fiscal year shall not be less than the amount of the payments made by the State educational agency to participating schools within the State for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1972, to carry out the purposes of this section."

(c) Section 4(c) of the Child Nutrition Act (42 U.S.C. 1773(c)) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "Breakfast assistance disbursements to schools under this section may be made in advance or by way of reimbursement in accordance with procedures prescribed by the Secretary."

(d) Section 4(e) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1773(e)) is amended to read as follows:

"NUTRITIONAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

"(e) Breakfasts served by schools participating in the school breakfast program under this section shall consist of a combination of foods and shall meet minimum nutritional requirements prescribed by the Secretary on the basis of tested nutritional research. Such breakfasts shall be served free or at a reduced price to children in school under the same terms and conditions as are set forth with respect to the service of lunches free or at a reduced price in section 9 of the National School Lunch Act."

(e) Section 4(f) of the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1773(f)) is amended to read as follows:

"(f) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1973, any withholding of funds for and disbursement to nonprofit private schools shall be effected in the manner used prior to such fiscal year. Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1974, the Secretary shall make payments from the sums appropriated for any fiscal year for the purposes of this section directly to the nonprofit private schools within a State, that participate in the breakfast program under an agreement with the Secretary, for the same purposes and subject to the same conditions as are