Before the Federal Communications Commission
Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of
Request for Extension
Of the Commission's
Initial Non-Delinquency Period for
C and F Block Installment Payments

WT Docket No. 97-82

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Adopted: March 25, 1999
Released: April 2, 1999

By the Commission: Commissioners Furchtgott-Roth and Tristani dissenting and issuing a joint statement.

1. We have before us petitions for reconsideration ("Petitions") filed by SouthEast Telephone, Inc. ("SouthEast") and Wireless Ventures, Inc. ("Wireless Ventures") (collectively "Petitioners"). They seek review of the Commission's order, released October 29, 1998, denying requests for waiver of the October 29, 1998, deadline for late resumption of installment payments filed by several broadband PCS C and F block licensees, including Petitioners. 1 Additionally, SouthEast filed an Emergency Request for Stay ("Emergency Request") of the October 29th Order 2 and a Request for Stay of the auction of the licenses formerly held by SouthEast. 3 On

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2 SouthEast filed both its Petition and Emergency Request on November 4, 1998. SouthEast also submitted a Supplement to Petition for Reconsideration on November 30, 1998, a Second Supplement to Petition for Reconsideration on December 4, 1998 ("Second Supplement"), and a Third Supplement to Petition for Reconsideration on February 25, 1999 ("Third Supplement"). Pursuant to Section 1.106(f) of the Commission's rules,
November 20, 1998, by Public Notice, we requested comment on SouthEast's Petition. We received two comments in support of the Petition. For the reasons stated below, we deny the Petitions and SouthEast's Emergency Request.

2. Petitions. SouthEast contends that the Commission did not address the specific facts and circumstances that supported SouthEast's request for waiver under the "hard look" standard set forth in WAIT Radio v. FCC. Commenters AirNet and DiGiPH support this argument. Wireless Ventures argues that the Commission erred in holding that the public interest would not be harmed by denying its request for waiver.

3. We disagree with Petitioners' contentions. At the outset, we note that the court in WAIT stated that because the "very essence of waiver is the assumed validity of the general rule; . . . an applicant for waiver faces a high hurdle even at the starting gate." The Commission has repeatedly given a hard look to the facts supporting these requests for waiver. Indeed, before issuing the October 29th Order, the Commission looked carefully at the facts of each individual waiver request, including SouthEast's, as well as additional facts submitted by SouthEast. SouthEast has not provided any new facts to convince us that our previous decision was wrong.

4. The Commission's decision in the October 29th Order was clearly contemplated by the

SouthEast's Second Supplement and Third Supplement are untimely. Nevertheless, we will address the issues they raise.

3 SouthEast filed a Request for Stay Or, In the Alternative, For Withdrawal of Markets From Relicensing Process on March 11, 1999 ("Request for Stay").


6 418 F.2d 1153 (D.C. Cir. 1969) ("WAIT").

7 Comments of DiGiPH at 2; Comments of AirNet at 2.

8 See Wireless Ventures' Petition for Reconsideration at 3.

9 418 F.2d at 1157. See BellSouth Corporation and BellSouth Wireless, Inc. v. FCC, No. 97-1630 (D.C. Cir. January 8, 1999) (upholding Commission denial of a waiver request).


C Block Second Report and Order, the C Block Order on Reconsideration of the Second Report and Order and the Election and Payment Date Order, in which the Commission carefully considered all aspects of the installment payment issues raised by Petitioners and provided restructuring options and a lengthy suspension of installment payments. In the C Block Second Report and Order, the Commission informed the public that it was unlikely to grant waivers of the payment resumption deadlines in light of public interest considerations, particularly as the Commission had already afforded licensees a significant period to raise capital during the time that installment payments were suspended. We observed in the October 29th Order that "[i]n formulating, as well as reconsidering, the restructuring options, the Commission addressed the challenges of raising capital." Acknowledging that access to capital remains an important issue for most C block licensees, including Petitioners, the Commission nonetheless concluded that "a further extension of the non-delinquency period would only serve to undermine the Commission's enforcement of its payment deadlines." Petitioners' requests for waiver were denied not because the Commission failed to give them the hard look they warranted, but rather because the Commission does not agree with Petitioners that further extension of the payment deadline would serve the public interest.

5. Furthermore, we disagree with SouthEast's argument that the Commission's payment rules are unclear and do not necessarily result in the automatic cancellation of licenses for a late installment payment. At the time that SouthEast purchased its licenses, the payment rules provided that a license would cancel following the expiration of any grace period without the successful resumption of payment or upon default with no grace period. The C Block Order on Reconsideration of the Second Report and Order amended the rules to provide that a payment made "more than ninety (90) days" after the resumption payment due date would be deemed a

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13 12 FCC Rcd at 16541.

14 October 29th Order at ¶ 4.

15 October 29th Order at ¶ 5.

16 SouthEast Petition at ¶ 13.

default on the part of the C or F block licensee. In a Public Notice, released April 17, 1998, the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau ("Bureau") stated that licensees that failed to meet the July 31, 1998, payment resumption deadline could submit their payment on or before October 29, 1998, without being considered delinquent, if they timely pay a five percent late payment fee. Most recently, the Bureau reiterates this policy in a Public Notice, dated September 18, 1998, in which it states that licensees that miss the late payment deadline shall be in default and their licenses shall automatically cancel. Contrary to its contentions, SouthEast was well aware that its licenses would cancel automatically if it failed to make full payment of amounts due on October 29, 1998, and cannot claim that the rules do not operate as a matter of law to effectuate automatic cancellation.

6. In denying Petitioners' requests, we reject SouthEast's argument that grant of its waiver request would be consistent with the TE-MCG decision, in which the Bureau granted Specialized Mobile Radio (SMR) licensee TE-MCG's request for waiver of 47 C.F.R. § 90.812, which governs installment payments for 900 MHz SMR licensees. In that case, as a result of an administrative oversight, the Bureau accepted late payment of several installments and timely payment of subsequent installments from TE-MCG, constructively waiving the deadlines for the late regularly scheduled payments. In contrast, after clearly stating its intention not to extend the October 29, 1998, late payment deadline, the Commission expressly refused to grant Petitioners' waiver requests. Thus, unlike the TE-MCG case, the Commission has committed no act that could reasonably be construed as constructively waiving the applicable October 29, 1998, late payment deadline, obviating the need to grant a waiver in this instance. Therefore, we declined to grant SouthEast's waiver on the merits of its case, and the TE-MCG decision is inapposite.

7. Lastly, SouthEast contends that application of the Commission's rules on late installment payments and resumption payments to SouthEast is retroactive rule making prohibited by the Administrative Procedure Act. More specifically, SouthEast claims that the Commission's elimination of the provisions for grace period requests under former Section

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18 C Block Order on Reconsideration of the Second Report and Order, 13 FCC Rcd at 8354.


21 See Third Supplement.


24 SouthEast Petition at ¶¶ 14-21; see 5 U.S.C. §§ 551 et seq.
impair SouthEast's rights with respect to its previously established installment payment obligations. AirNet supports this contention. In effect, SouthEast is requesting reconsideration of the Part 1 Third Report and Order, which was the Order in which the Commission eliminated the grace period provisions. This request is untimely. Nevertheless, timely filed petitions for reconsideration of the Part 1 Third Report and Order raising this issue are pending before the Commission.

8. Requests for Stay. SouthEast bases its Emergency Request and its Request for Stay on the four prong test for issuance of a stay set forth in Virginia Petroleum Jobbers Ass'n v. FPC, as modified in Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Comm'n v. Holiday Tours, Inc. Under this test, a stay is warranted if the movant can demonstrate that: (1) it is likely to prevail on the merits; (2) it will suffer irreparable harm absent a stay; (3) interested parties will not be harmed if the stay is granted; and (4) the public interest would favor a grant of the stay. Upon examination of the Emergency Request and the Request for Stay, we find that SouthEast's arguments fail to meet the standards set forth in Virginia Petroleum and Washington Metropolitan. SouthEast bases its contention that it meets the standards for issuance of a stay on the expectation that the Commission will grant its Petition. As discussed above, this is not the case. Therefore, SouthEast does not meet the test.


26 Comments of AirNet at 3.

27 See 47 C.F.R. § 1.429(d).


29 259 F.2d 921 (D.C.Cir. 1958) ("Virginia Petroleum").

30 559 F.2d 841 (D.C. Cir. 1977) ("Washington Metropolitan").

9. Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that, pursuant to the authority granted in Section 4(i), 303(r), and 309(j) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. §§ 154(i), 303(r), and 309(j), the petitions for reconsideration submitted by SouthEast and Wireless Ventures ARE DENIED as provided herein.

10. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that SouthEast's Emergency Request IS DENIED.

11. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that SouthEast's Request for Stay IS DENIED.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Magalie Roman Salas
Secretary