



PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA) FOR ELECTRONIC COMMENT FILING SYSTEM VERSION 4.0 (ECFS 4.0) BOUNDARY

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Record of Approval

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02/15/2022	Validation of information – System Owner	Marlene Dortch
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ECFS 4.0 System Boundary

1.1. Introduction

Section 208 of the E-Government Act of 2002¹ requires agencies to conduct a **Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA)** whenever they procure or develop an information technology system that will collect, maintain, or disseminate information about individual people. The PIA must document how the system will use information it collects about individuals and, unless it contains classified or sensitive information, it must be made available to the public. The PIA was intended to be a tool for agencies to protect personal information throughout a technology system's life cycle. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has commented: "*In general, PIAs are required to be performed and updated as necessary where a system change creates new privacy risks.*"²

The FCC is subject to the requirements of the E-Government Act and is committed to identifying and addressing privacy risks whenever it develops or makes changes to its information systems. The questions below explore important privacy issues identified in the Act and in later guidance by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). A longer discussion of the FCC's PIA policies can be found in Chapter 9 of the FCC's Privacy Act Manual (FCC Inst. 1113.1).

System owners, in collaboration with the Information System Security Officers (ISSOs) should complete the **Initial Privacy Assessment (IPA)** prior to filling out the PIA. The FCC Senior Agency Official for Privacy (SAOP) uses the IPA to determine whether a system will collect the kind of information that would make it subject to the requirements of Section 208, including a PIA. A PIA should not be completed until an IPA is completed and the SAOP makes a determination.

If you have any questions, please contact the Privacy Team at privacy@fcc.gov.

¹ 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note.

² OMB Memorandum No. M-03-22 (Sep. 26, 2003), https://www.whitehouse.gov/sites/whitehouse.gov/files/omb/memoranda/2003/m03_22.pdf.

1.2. Authority To Operate (ATO) Boundary Overview

For each IT system that resides within the ATO Boundary, please use the table below to provide the system name, a brief description of the what the system does, whether it contains Personally Identifiable Information (PII) and a brief description of the PII (if applicable), the applicable System of Records Notice, the legal authorities to collect and maintain the PII, and whether the PII is shared with other systems (internal or external).

Please copy the table as necessary to complete the information for each system within the boundary.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE SYSTEM

NAME OF THE SYSTEM

ELECTRONIC COMMENT FILING SYSTEM VERSION 4.0 (ECFS 4.0)

NAME OF BUREAU

Shared by both Office of Managing Director (OMD) and the Office of the Secretary (OS)

DOES THE SYSTEM CONTAIN PII?

Yes.

PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PII (IF APPLICABLE)

ECFS requires a filer to provide certain PII elements to submit a filing, including his/her name and an address (for the filer, author, or law firm). ECFS also permits a filer to provide additional contact information (e.g., email address) in pre-populated fields. ECFS also collects other PII for administrative purposes.

Separately, the FCC collects, maintains, or processes a variety of information on ECFS depending on the needs and purposes of the bureaus and offices across the enterprise. Given the broad use of ECFS for Commission proceedings, rulemakings, and other interactions with the public, the system could conceivably include any type of PII that commenters choose to include in their filings; therefore, it is not possible to list with certainty every PII data element that users could potentially share with the system. The system requires filers toacknowledge and consent to any information they include in filings submitted via ECFS being made public.

IN WHAT SYSTEM OF RECORDS (SORN) IS THE INFORMATION CONTAINED (IF APPLICABLE)? FCC/CGB-2; 71 Fed. Reg. 17233

WHAT ARE THE LEGAL AUTHORITIES FOR THE COLLECTION OF THIS PII?

44 U.S.C. 36; 47 U.S.C. 151 and 154

DOES THE COMMISSION KEEP AN ACCURATE ACCOUNTING OF DISCLOSURES FROM THE SYSTEM AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (c) OF THE PRIVACY ACT?

Yes. The Privacy Team keeps an accurate accounting of disclosures of information that is

collected and requested from ECFS users in connection with their filings. It is not possible to keep an accurate accounting of access to PII that users choose to include in their filings. .

DOES THIS SYSTEM SHARE THE PII WITH OTHER SYSTEMS?

Yes. Enterprise File Service (EFS).

INFORMATION ABOUT THE SYSTEM

NAME OF THE SYSTEM

Enterprise File Service (EFS)

NAME OF BUREAU

Office of Managing Director (OMD)

DOES THE SYSTEM CONTAIN PII?

Yes.

PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PII (IF APPLICABLE)

The FCC collects, maintains, or processes a variety of information on EFS depending on the needs and purposes of the bureaus and offices across the enterprise. Given the broad use of EFS for Commission proceedings, rulemakings, and other interactions with the public, the system could conceivably include any type of PII that commenters choose to include in their filings; therefore, it is not possible to list with certainty every PII data element that users could potentially share with the system. The system requires filers to acknowledge and consent to any information they including in filings submitted via ECFS being made public. Any PII in filings is available publicly through the Search for Filings feature of theECFS system, using any search criteria.

IN WHAT SYSTEM OF RECORDS (SORN) IS THE INFORMATION CONTAINED (IF APPLICABLE)? FCC/CGB-2; 71 Fed. Reg. 17233

WHAT ARE THE LEGAL AUTHORITIES FOR THE COLLECTION OF THIS PII?

44 U.S.C. 36; 47 U.S.C. 151 and 154

DOES THE COMMISSION KEEP AN ACCURATE ACCOUNTING OF DISCLOSURES FROM THE SYSTEM AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTION (c) OF THE PRIVACY ACT?

Yes. The Privacy Team keeps an accurate accounting of disclosures of information that is collected and requested from ECFS users in connection with their filings. It is not possible to keep an accurate accounting of access to PII that users choose to include in their filings.

DOES THIS SYSTEM SHARE THE PII WITH OTHER SYSTEMS?

Yes. ECFS.

INFORMATION ABOUT THE SYSTEM

NAME OF THE SYSTEM

EDOCS

NAME OF BUREAU

Office of Managing Director (OMD)

DOES THE SYSTEM CONTAIN PII?

Yes.

PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PII (IF APPLICABLE)

EDOCS is primarily used for FCC announcements, including Citations, Public Notices, and FCC released statements. EDOCS may contain PII if it is included in the content of an FCC announcement. No PII is received from ECFS 4.0 or EFS.

IN WHAT SYSTEM OF RECORDS (SORN) IS THE INFORMATION CONTAINED (IF APPLICABLE)? Not applicable.

WHAT ARE THE LEGAL AUTHORITIES FOR THE COLLECTION OF THIS PII?

44 U.S.C. 36; 47 U.S.C. 151 and 154

DOES THE COMMISSION KEEP AN ACCURATE ACCOUNTING OF DISCLOSURES FROM THE SYSTEM AS REQUIRED BY SUBSECTI©(c) OF THE PRIVACY ACT?

Not applicable.

DOES THIS SYSTEM SHARE THE PII WITH OTHER SYSTEMS?

Yes. ECFS.

A. Is this a new ATO Boundary or an existing ATO Boundary?

 \boxtimes New Boundary

□ Existing Boundary

B. If the ATO Boundary is/will consist of cloud-based computing system(s),³ please check the box that best describes the service the FCC receives/will receive from the cloud computing provider:

□ The FCC uses provider-supported application/s on the provider's cloud network (Software as a Service or SaaS) [list applicable system(s)]

□ The FCC has deployed application/s on the provider's cloud network and the provider supports the applications (Platform as a Service or PaaS) [list applicable system(s)]

The FCC has deployed its own application/s on the cloud network and controls how these application/s are configured and operate (Infrastructure as a Service or IaaS) Amazon Web Services

C. If the IT systems in the ATO Boundary are in the cloud, are they FedRAMP certified?

☑ Yes, all the IT systems are FedRAMP certified
□ No, none, or only some, of the IT systems are FedRAMP certified

1.3 Collection of Data

A. Please explain why it is necessary to collect PII to carry out the purpose of each of the system(s) that maintain PII within this Boundary.

In order to comply with the requirements of the Communications Act of 1934, as well as various statutes and regulations, the FCC offers multiple avenues through which the public can be involved in its decision-making process and can inform the FCC of concerns regarding compliance with FCC rules and requirements. Collecting and maintaining these types of information allows the FCC to be fully informed in decision-making, implementation, and enforcement endeavors. Such a system also allows staff access to documents and improves staff efficiency. Filings in this system are available for public inspection. At a minimum, ECFS collects name and address for every comment filed by the public, as well as other necessary PII for administrative purposes, which may relate to ensuring the integrity of ECFS and the authenticity of filings made in FCC proceedings.

B. For each system within this Boundary, will this PII be collected from individuals themselves, or from third parties? If collected from individuals themselves, link to the

³ See NIST, The NIST Definition of Cloud Computing, Special Pub. No. 800-145 (Sep. 2011), https://csrc.nist.gov/publications/detail/sp/800-145/final.

Privacy Act Statement⁴ for each system that is included with the online or paper form the system(s) use(s) to collect the PII.

PII is collected directly from individuals who have submitted filings related to FCC rulemakings and docketed proceedings or other matters arising under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and theRehabilitation Act. A Privacy Act Statement is provided on the ECFS <u>website</u> that allows users to submit a filing.

C. What steps is the FCC taking to limit the collection of PII to only that which is necessary?

ECFS 4.0 requires filers to provide (or ECFS itself collects) only those PII elements that are required for the application to perform.

Any user may submit many types of PII in connection with his/her/its comments, but the application does not require users to provide any PII beyond what is required for the application to perform.

Additionally, users must agree that the information they include in their filings will become public. Therefore users are discouraged from uploading any unneeded information. There are no check boxes or required fields for users to provide extra PII.

D. What steps will the FCC take to make sure this PII is accurate, complete, and up to date?

Due to the nature of the system and the anticipated broad use of ECFS across the enterprise, it is the responsibility of the parties providing the data to ensure the completeness, accuracy, and currency of data at the time those data are submitted to the FCC. Information that is collected from users for administrative purposes is collected through an automated process, not subject to correction.

1.4 Use of the Data

A. Please explain the data flow, including whether the PII will be ingested from, or shared with, another system. Are internal connections reflected in the Cyber Security Asset Management tool (CSAM)? Are Information Sharing Agreements (ISAs) in CSAM for external connections?

Information, including PII, is collected directly from users who submit filings in ECFS 4.0. The information, including PII, contained in comments is shared with EFS, which ECFS utilizes for attachments: Users from the public upload file attachments, which are stored in EFS, and which can be downloaded from EFS by a user who searches in ECFS. The internal connection between ECFS and EFS is reflected in CSAM. ECFS 4.0 does not have any external connections or ISAs in place.

B. Will the information be shared with third parties as part of the operations of the information system (e.g., through an application programming interface or "API")?

Unless specifically designated as confidential, material submitted to ECFS is open for public review. Certain information (name and address) requested from users in connection with filing is made publicly available to third parties as part of the operations of the information system; other, nonpublic information requested or collected from users in connection with filing is not made available to third parties as part of the information system.

C. How long will the PII be retained and how will it be disposed of?

Information in the system within this boundary is retained and destroyed in accordance with applicable FCC policies and procedures, as well as with the FCC records disposition schedule or General Records Schedules approved by the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA).

1.5 Data Security and Privacy

A. What are the system's ratings for confidentiality, integrity, and availability?

Confidentiality	High	_XModerate	Low
Integrity	High	_XModerate	Low
Availability	High	_XModerate	Low

B. Discuss the physical, administrative, and technical controls in place to protect the data in the system.

The FCC protects its information resources with a dynamic set of security measures. Some of these measures (e.g., network firewalls, physical security) protect the entire FCC enterprise, while other measures (e.g., user access restrictions, encryption) are applied to specific information systems. Following the risk-based policy established in the Federal Information Modernization Act (FISMA), the FCC applies more security measures (also known as security "controls") to information systems that present higher operational risks. Consistent with this policy, the FCC applies specific security controls to systems that collect and process PII. A comprehensive list of the security and privacy controls the FCC may apply to its information systems can be found in National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication No. 800-53, Revision 5 [NIST].

C. Does the system inherit privacy controls from an external provider? If an Interconnection Security Agreement (ISA), Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), or similar document is in place, please summarize the privacy applicable portions of the document.

No

1.6 Access to the Information

A. Which FCC employees and contractors will have access to the PII in this information system?

The Search for Filings feature of the system makes all PII included in filings that reside in ECFS or EFS publiclyavailable.

FCC employees and contractors will have access to PII in the system through the Search for filing feature of the system (i.e., the same as the general public). But FCC employees and contractors also have access to certain other data elements that filers provide (e.g., additional contact information) and other PII that is collected to ensure the integrity of ECFS and the authenticity of filings made in FCC proceedings

B. Does this system leverage Enterprise Access Controls?

Yes. The identification of authorized users of the ECFS 4.0 system and the definition of access privileges are in accordance with the requirements of the related security controls indicated in the ECFS 4.0 SSP. Any users requiring administrative privileges on the ECFS 4.0 system accounts must be approved and then subjected to additional scrutiny by the System Owner and FCC.